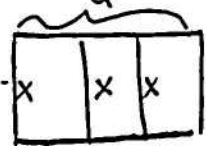


Review Questions - Solutions

p177. #17a, c, d

a)



$$\text{Area} = l \cdot x$$

280m of fencing

$$2l + 4x = 280\text{m}$$

$$\frac{2l}{2} = \frac{280\text{m} - 4x}{2}$$

$$l = 140\text{m} - 2x$$

$x = \text{width}$

$$A = (140 - 2x)(x)$$

$$A = 140x - 2x^2$$

$$A = -2x^2 + 140x$$

(Quadratic \rightarrow polynomial of degree two.)

c) Solve either by completing the square or using formulas
($p = -\frac{b}{2a}$)

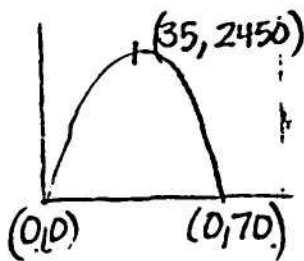
$$A = -2(x^2 - 70x)$$

$$A = -2(x^2 - 70x + 1225 - 1225)$$

$$A = -2(x - 35)^2 + 2450$$

The vertex is at (35, 2450)
They represent the width ($x = 35\text{m}$) when the area is at its max value ($A = 2450\text{m}^2$.)

d) Domain: $\{x \mid 0 \leq x \leq 70, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$



$$A = -2x^2 + 140x$$

$$A = -2x(x - 70)$$

$$0 = -2x(x - 70)$$

$$x = 0, \quad x = +70$$

Range: $\{A \mid 0 \leq A \leq 2450, A \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Review Questions - Solutions

p195 # 18 ab

let $x = \#$
of \$1.00
decreases
in ticket
price

Revenue = (ticket price) (# of tickets sold)

$$R(x) = (70 - x)(2000 + 50x)$$

$$R(x) = 140000 + 3500x + 2000x - 50x^2$$

$$R(x) = -50x^2 + 1500x + 140000$$

Find Max $R(x) \Rightarrow$ either complete the square to find vertex form or use eqns to find vertex.

(p, q)

$$p = -\frac{b}{2a}$$

$$p = \frac{-1500}{2(-50)}$$

$$p = 15$$

\uparrow

x (# of \$1.00 decreases)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ticket price} &= 70 - x \\ &= 70 - 15 \\ &= \$55 \end{aligned}$$

$$q = c - \frac{b^2}{4a}$$

$$q = 140000 - \frac{(1500)^2}{4(-50)}$$

$$q = 151250$$

\uparrow

R

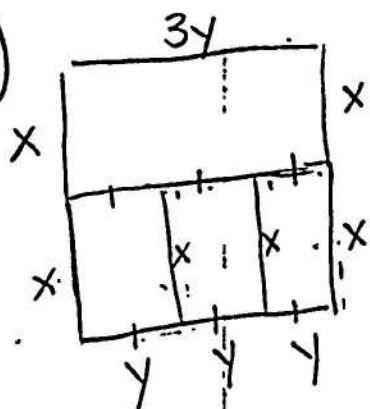
$$\text{Revenue} = \$151250$$

The max. revenue is \$151250.00 when the ticket price is \$55.00

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) \# of tickets sold} &= (2000 + 50x) \\ \text{at } \$55.00 &= 2000 + 50(15) \\ (\text{when } x=15) &= 2750 \text{ tickets.} \end{aligned}$$

p196 #22, #23, #24

#22)



$$\text{Fencing} = 3y + 2x + 2x + 2x + 3y + 3y$$

$$\text{Fencing} = 9y + 6x$$

$$900 = 9y + 6x$$

$$\therefore \frac{900 - 9y}{6} = \frac{6x}{6}$$

$$150 - 1.5y = x$$

$$\text{Area} = 2x \cdot 3y$$

$$A = 2(150 - 1.5y) \cdot 3y$$

$$A = (300 - 3y) \cdot 3y$$

$$A = 900y - 9y^2$$

$$A = -9y^2 + 900y$$

Maximum Area? (find vertex!)

$$p = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$p = \frac{-900}{2(-9)}$$

$$p = 50$$

$y = 50$ \uparrow y value @ max. area.

find x:

$$150 - 1.5y = x$$

$$150 - 1.5(50) = x$$

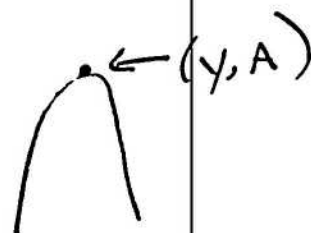
$$q = \frac{c - b^2}{4a}$$

$$= 0 - \frac{(900^2)}{4(-9)}$$

$$q = 22500$$

\uparrow max area

$$x = 75$$



When $x = 75$ and $y = 50$, the area is maximized.
(Large fields: 75 by 150m)
Small: (75 by 50m)

#23 a)

$$n + m = 29$$

$$29 - m = n$$

$$n \cdot m = \text{Product}$$

$$(29 - m)(m) = \text{Product}$$

$$29m - m^2 = \text{Product}$$

max
@ vertex

$$\text{Product} = -m^2 + 29m$$

⇒ Find vertex (P, q)

$$p = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$q = c - \frac{b^2}{4a}$$

$$p = \frac{-29}{2(-1)}$$

$$q = 0 - \frac{(29)^2}{4(-1)}$$

$$p = 14.5$$

$$q = 210.25$$

m at
vertex.

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} \text{Max product} = 210.25 \\ m = 14.5 \\ n = 14.5 \end{array}}$$

$$n = 29 - m$$

$$n = 29 - 14.5$$

$$n = 14.5$$

23 b)

$$n - m = 13$$

$$13 + m = n$$

$$n \cdot m = \text{product}$$

$$(13 + m)(m) = \text{Product}$$

$$m^2 + 13m = \text{Product}$$

$$(m^2 + 13m + \frac{169}{4} - \frac{169}{4}) = \text{Product}$$

min @
vertex.

$$(m + 6.5)^2 - \frac{169}{4} = \text{Product}$$

$$(m + 6.5)^2 - 42.25 = \text{Product}$$

Vertex:
(-6.5, -42.25)

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} \text{Min.} \\ \text{Product} \end{array} = -42.25}$$

$$\text{when } m = -6.5$$

$$n - (-6.5) = 13$$

$$n + 6.5 = 13$$

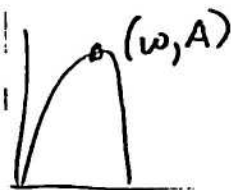
$$\boxed{n = 6.5}$$

#24 p. 196

$$450 = 3l + 4w$$

$$450 - 4w = 3l$$

$$150 - \frac{4}{3}w = l$$



Find vertex:

$$p = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$p = \frac{-300}{2(-\frac{8}{3})}$$

$$p = 56.25$$

$$q = \frac{c - b^2}{4a}$$

$$q = \frac{0 - (300^2)}{4(-\frac{8}{3})}$$

$$q = 8437.5$$

$$A = 2w \cdot l$$

$$A = 2w(150 - \frac{4}{3}w)$$

$$A = 300w - \frac{8}{3}w^2$$

$$A = -\frac{8}{3}w^2 + 300w$$

The maximum area is 8437.5 cm^2 .

#17.

let $x = \#$ of
\$2.00 decrease
in price.

a) Revenue = (price) * (# of sales)

$$R = (40 - 2x)(10\,000 + 500x)$$

$$R = 40\,0000 + 20\,000x - 20\,000x - 1000x^2$$

$$R = -1000x^2 + 400\,000$$

b) \Rightarrow can complete the square or use formulas

$$R = -1000x^2 + 400\,000$$

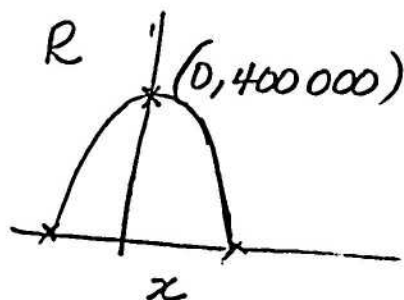
$$p = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$q = c - \frac{b^2}{4a}$$

$$p = 0$$

$$q = 400\,000 - 0$$

$$q = 400\,000$$



The maximum revenue is \$400,000
when there have been no decreases

$x=0$ in price, i.e. the price is \$40.00 per coat.

$$\text{price} = (40 - 2x)$$

$$\text{price} = 40 - 2(0)$$

$$\text{price} = 40$$

c) (on calculator.)

d) Y-intercept represents the revenue before
you change the price.

x intercepts show the ^{# of} price changes (\uparrow or \downarrow)
that will still provide revenue.

e) domain: $\{x \mid -20 \leq x \leq 20, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$$0 = -1000x^2 + 400\,000 \quad \text{range: } \{y \mid 0 \leq y \leq 400\,000, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

$$-400\,000 = x^2$$

$$\frac{-1000}{\sqrt{400}} = x$$

$$x = 20.0$$

$$x = -20$$

p 202 #12a.

$$C(v) = 0.004v^2 - 0.62v + 30$$

Most efficient speed = minimum consumption ^{v at}
 \therefore find vertex. $\Rightarrow p$

$$p = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

(for interest,)

$$q = c - \frac{b^2}{4a}$$



$$p = \frac{-(-0.62)}{2(0.004)}$$

$$q = 30 - \frac{(-0.62)^2}{4(0.004)}$$

$$p = 77.5$$

$$q = 5.975 \text{ L/100 km}$$

The most efficient speed would be $77.5 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}}$.